## FEATURES

- Configurable input for RTD and resistance
- Configurable output in current or voltage
- Double channel in the same enclosure
- Configurable by dip-switch or PC
- High accuracy
- On-field reconfigurable
- Galvanic isolation among the ways
- EMC compliant - CE mark
- Suitable for DIN rail mounting in compliance with EN-50022 and EN-50035


Double channel, isolated converter for RTD and resistance configurable by Dip-Switch or PC DAT 4532 B

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The isolated double channel converter DAT 4532 B is able to measure and linearise the standard RTDs and resistances with 2 or 3 wires cable compensation. In function of programming, the measured values are converted in a current or voltage signal. The device guarantees high accuracy and performances stability both versus time and temperature.
The double channel allows the high density mounting where is necessary to reduce the encumbrances.
The programming is made by the dip-switch located in the window on the side of the enclosure. By means of dip-switches it is possible to select the input type and range and the output type without recalibrate the device.
Moreover, by Personal Computer the user can program all of the device's parameters for his own necessity; the configuration by PC allows to program the two channels with two independent settings. For all the sensors it is possible to set the cable compensation with 2 or 3 wires.
Moreover it is available the option of alarm for signal interruption (burn-out) that allows to set the output value as high or low out of scale .
The 1500 Vac galvanic isolation on all ways (inputs, outputs and power supply) eliminates the effects of all ground loops eventually existing and allows the use of the converter in heavy environmental conditions found in industrial applications.
The DAT 4532 B is in compliance with the Directive 2004/108/EC on the Electromagnetic Compatibility.
It is housed in a plastic enclosure of 12.5 mm thickness suitable for DIN rail mounting in compliance with EN-50022 and EN-50035 standards.

## USER INSTRUCTIONS

The converter must be powered by a direct voltage applied to the terminals $Q$ and $R$.
The channel A measures the value from the sensor connected to the terminals I, L and G and transmits the output measure on the terminals N and M .
The channel B measures the value from the sensor connected to the terminals $\mathrm{E}, \mathrm{F}$ and H and transmits the output measure on the terminals P and O .
The input and output connections must be made as shown in the section "Connections".
It is possible to configure the converter on field by dip-switch or Personal Computer as shown in the section "Programming ". The configuration by dipswitches can be made also if the device is powered (note: after the configuration the device takes some seconds to provide the right output measure ).

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS (Typical at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and in nominal conditions)

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{INPUT (2 CHANNELS)} \& \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{OUTPUT (2 CHANNELS)} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{POWER SUPPLY} \\
\hline Input type \& Min \& Max \& Min.Span \& Output type \& Min \& Max \& Min Span \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Power supply voltage Reverse polarity protection \\
Current consumption \\
Current output Voltage output
\end{tabular}} \& \[
18 \text {.. } 30 \mathrm{Vdc}
\] \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { RTD (2, } 3 \text { wires) } \\
\& \text { Pt100 } \\
\& \text { Pt1000 }
\end{aligned}
\] \& \(-200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\)
\(-85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\) \& \(850^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\)
\(185{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\) \& 50

30 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Current <br>
Voltage

\end{tabular} \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 0 \mathrm{~mA} \\
& 0 \mathrm{~V}
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 20 \mathrm{~mA} \\
& 10 \mathrm{~V}
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 4 \mathrm{~mA} \\
& 1 \mathrm{~V}
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& \& 55 mA max. <br>

\hline Ni100
Ni1000 \& $-60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$-60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ \& $180^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$150{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ \& $50{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

30 \& \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{| Output calibration |
| :--- |
| Current |
| Voltage |
| Burn-out values |}} \& \& 25 mA max. <br>

\hline RES. (2, 3 wires) \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 0 \Omega \\
& 0 \Omega
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
500 \Omega \\
2000 \Omega
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 50 \Omega \\
& 50 \Omega
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \& \& \& \& ISOLATION Among all ways \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1500 \mathrm{Vac} \\
& 50 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{~min}
\end{aligned}
$$
\] <br>

\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{| Input Calibration (1) |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| RTD | the higher of $\pm 0.1 \%$ and $\pm 0.2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Low Res. | the higher of $\pm 0.1 \%$ and $\pm 0.15 \Omega$ |
| High Res. | the higher of $\pm 0.2 \%$ and $\pm 1 \Omega$ |} \& | Min. output v |
| :--- |
| Output load |
| Current output | \& ance - \& | 0 mA o |
| :--- |
| oad $<500 \Omega$ | \& \[

-0.6 \mathrm{~V}

\] \& | TEMPERATURE AND HUM |
| :--- |
| Operative temperature Storage temperature Humidity (not condensed) | \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { IDITY } \\
& -20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} . .+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\
& -40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} . .+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\
& 0 . .90 \%
\end{aligned}
$$
\] <br>

\hline | Linearity (1) RTD |
| :--- |
| Sensor excitation RTD,Res | \& | $\pm 0.1 \%$ |
| :--- |
| current |
| 500 uA | \& \& \& | Short circuit |
| :--- |
| Response tim | \& 90\%) \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{about 500 ms} \& | HOUSING |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Material | Self-extin |
| Mounting | DIN rail i <br> with EN- |
|  | EN-50035 <br> Weight |
|  | about 90 | \& | guishing plastic |
| :--- |
| compliance |
| 50022 and |
| 5 |
| g. | <br>


\hline Line resistance RTD 3 wires \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{$0.05 \% / \Omega$ (50 $\Omega$ max balanced)} \& \& \& \& \& EMC ( for industrial envir Immunity Emission \& | nments ) |
| :--- |
| EN 61000-6-2 |
| EN 61000-6-4 | <br>


\hline | Thermal drift (1) Full scale |
| :--- |
| (1)referred to the inpu | \& | $\pm 0.01 \%$ |
| :--- |
| an (differen | \& | $/^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :--- |
| between | \& x. and min.) \& \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{} <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

## PROGRAMMING

## CONFIGURATION BY PC

By software DATESOFT it is possible to：
－set the default programming of the device；
－program the options not available with the dip－switch； （burn－out level，etc．．．）；
－read，in real time，the input and output measures；
－follow the dip－switches configuration wizard．
To configure the device follow the next steps：
1）Power－on the device．
2）Open the protection plastic label on the front of the device．
3）Connect the interface PRODAT to the PC（COM port） and to the device（PGRM connector）．
4）Open DATESOFT．
5）Select the COM port in use．
6）Click on＂Open COM＂．
7）Click on＂Program＂．
8）Set the programming data．
9）Click on＂Write＂to send the programming data to the device．


Warning：during these operations the device must always be powered and the TX／RX cable always connected．
For information about DATESOFT refer to the software＇s user guide．

## CONFIGURATION BY DIP－SWITCHES



1）Open the suitable door on the side of the device．
2）Set the input type by the dip－switch SW1［1．．4］（see TAB．1）
3）Set the minimum input scale value（Zero）by the dip－switch SW1［5．．8］（see TAB．3）
4）Set the maximum input value（Full scale）by the dip－switch SW2［1．．6］（see TAB．3）
5）Set the output type by the dip－switch SW2［7．．8］（see TAB．2）


NOTE：
－It is also possible to set the dip－switches using the wizard of the configuration software following the procedure described in the section＂Configuration by PC＂until the step 6 and clicking on＂Switch＂．

## DIP－SWITCH CONFIGURATION TABLES

TAB． 1
Input type settings

| SW1 | SW1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1234 | 1234 |
| －6at EPROM＊ | －60 |
| R⿴囗口 $2 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ | 日明－－－ |
| 明的 $500 \Omega$ | －80］ |
| Prabel00 | 日明－－－ |
| －7．Ni100 | 日 |
| 口－Pt1000 | －10－－－ |
| 明 Ni1000 | 日明 |
| 明－－－ | TAD－－ |

TAB． 2
Output settings

| SW 2 |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| 78 | $0-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| 0 | $0-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| 0 | $0-10 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| 0 | $0-5 \mathrm{~V}$ |

NOTES：
＊For all the input type selected by dip－switches，the compensation of wires is fixed at 3.
＊To configure the range for the input type selected（TAB．1）refer to the section of the TAB． 3 on next page relative to it（ex：for Pt100 use the table TAB．3c ）．
＊If the dip－switches SW1［1．．4］are all set in the position 0 （＂EPROM＂），the device will follow the configuration programmed by PC（input type and range， output type and range and options）．
＊If the dip－switches SW1［5．．8］are all set in the position 0 （＂Default＂），the device will follow the input scale programmed by PC for the input type selected by the dip－switches SW1［1．．4］
＊Eventual wrong dip－switches settings will be signalled by the blinking of the led＂PWR＂．

| Zero |  | Full scale |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SW1 |  | SW2 | SW2 | SW2 | SW2 |  |
| 5678 |  | 123456 | $123456 \Omega$ | $123456 \Omega$ | 123456 | $\Omega$ |
| －0bu | Default | －abuba Default | －600 800 |  | 日凧可 | 1600 |
| Tang | 0 | 500 | 明明碞 | ¢ 1175 | Tabat | 1650 |
| Bra | 150 | 520 | 明明 840 |  | 日昭㫜 | 1700 |
| \＃8日 | 200 |  |  | \＃8， 1225 | T0日 | 1750 |
| －$\square_{0}$ | 250 | 560 | 日明明 880 |  | 日明明 | 1800 |
| 7日B | 300 | 580 | 明明 900 | 明明 1275 | 日G00 | 1850 |
| 日明 | 350 | 600 |  |  | B\％明 | 1900 |
| 708 | 400 |  | 二口冋 940 | Prata 1325 | － | 1950 |
| －$\square^{\square}$ | 450 | 640 | \％atid 960 | 1350 | $\square$ | 2000 |
| 7日 | 500 |  |  | 明明 1375 | －60］ | 2000 |
| 日明 | 550 | 明明的 |  | 明日 1400 | 日明 | 2000 |
| 7日 | 600 | 700 |  |  | \％ | 2000 |
| －0］ | 650 |  | －90］ 1050 | G\％0］ 1450 | － | 2000 |
| T日 | 700 | 740 | 1075 | ¢fata 1475 | －70］ | 2000 |
| B0］ | 750 | 760 |  | Titab 1500 |  | 2000 |
| －\％ | 800 | 780 | 1125 | APD日 1550 | IP\％） | 2000 |

TAB．3b－Settings for Resistance $<500$ ohm

| Zero |  | Full scale |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SW1 |  | SW2 | SW2 | SW2 | SW2 |  |
| 5678 | $\Omega$ | $123456 \Omega$ | $123456 \Omega$ | 123456 | 123456 | $\Omega$ |
| － 0 | Default | －ababa Default | －babl 125 | －abal 210 | －0日日 | 370 |
|  | 0 | 50 | ¢ 130 | \％ 6 and 220 | ¢0．0\％ | 380 |
|  | 10 | 55 | 135 |  | 日昭 | 390 |
| 明明 | 20 | 明明的 | \％日明 140 | 明明 240 | TR日明 | 400 |
| －80］ | 30 | 65 | \％ 145 |  | 日明明 | 410 |
| －80］ | 40 | ¢ 70 | ¢ 150 |  | 日明 | 420 |
| 日昍 | 50 |  | \％ 155 |  | \％日明 | 430 |
|  | 75 | 80 | 160 | 吅昭 280 |  | 440 |
| －80 | 100 | 85 | 165 | 290 | 日60］ | 450 |
| 日明 | 125 | व0\％ 90 | ¢ 170 |  | 日B0日 | 460 |
| 日明 | 150 | 95 | 明昭 | 相碞 310 | 日明 | 470 |
| 明 | 175 | 100 |  | 明昰 320 | \％80\％ | 480 |
| －80 | 200 | 105 |  | 330 | Tgith | 490 |
| －10 | 225 |  | ¢ 190 | ¢ ¢ 340 |  | 500 |
| －\％ | 250 | 115 |  | \％） 350 | 9\％90］ | 500 |
| T－ | 300 |  | 200 | 360 | \％¢¢ | 500 |

TAB．3c－Settings for Pt100，Pt1K，Ni100，Ni1K

| Zero |  | Full scale |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SW1 |  | SW2 | SW2 | SW2 | SW2 |  |
| 5678 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $123456{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $123456{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $123456{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 123456 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| 日月0 | Default | 日同且 Default |  |  | 日同 | 370 |
| 明昭 | －200 | \％ | 明明碞 |  | Q6ata | 380 |
| － $0^{\text {a }}$ | －150 | － 5 | －明㫜 | 相配 230 | －0．0］ | 390 |
| 70日 | －100 | 10 | 㳓明 90 |  | 吅昭 | 400 |
| －80 | －50 | － 15 |  | －明昰 250 | －60］ | 425 |
| 日明 | －40 | 二ataba | ¢日明 100 | 明明 260 | 日日明 | 450 |
| 日80 | －30 |  | BPb日 110 | 明动 270 | 日明 | 475 |
| 70］ | －20 |  | ¢िए 120 | T¢¢ 280 | －0．0］ | 500 |
| －80］ | －10 | 35 | 日明 130 |  | 日明 | 525 |
| －80］ | 0 |  | ¢RE日 140 | 明明 300 | －60\％ | 550 |
| 870 | 5 | 明昭碞 | Bram 150 |  | 日600 | 600 |
| 7日B | 10 | 明昭 | ¢080 160 |  | \％¢00 | 650 |
| 日日 | 20 | 55 | G日大日 170 | －tita 330 | －800 | 700 |
| Q80 | 30 | ¢ 60 | ¢RED 180 | Ftita 340 | Q80］ | 750 |
| 日00 | 50 | 65 |  |  | －190］ | 800 |
| T0］ | 100 | 70 |  | TRTED 360 | \％0］ | 850 |

## INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

The device is suitable for fitting to DIN rails in the vertical position. For optimum operation and long life follow these instructions:

When the devices are installed side by side it may be necessary to separate them by at least 5 mm in the following cases:

- If panel temperature exceeds $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
- Use of high power supply value ( > 27 Vdc ).
- Use of output current.

Make sure that sufficient air flow is provided for the device avoiding to place raceways or other objects which could obstruct the ventilation slits Moreover it is suggested to avoid that devices are mounted above appliances generating heat; their ideal place should be in the lower part of the panel.
Install the device in a place without vibrations.
Moreover it is suggested to avoid routing conductors near power signal cables (motors, induction ovens, inverters etc...) and to use shielded cable for connecting signals.

## ISOLATION STRUCTURE



INPUT


POWER SUPPLY


LIGHT SIGNALLING

| LED | COLOUR | STATE | DESCRIPTION |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| PWR | GREEN | ON | Device powered |
|  |  | OFF | Device not powered |
|  |  | BLINKING | Wrong dip-switches setting |

DIMENSIONS (mm)


## HOW TO ORDER

The device is provided as requested on the Customer's order.
Refer to the section "Programming" to determine the input and output ranges.
In case of the configuration is not specified, the parameters must be set by the user.

ORDER CODE EXAMPLE:


